

**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

**Please amend claims 1, 3, 5, 8, 10, 12, 15, 17 and 19 and cancel claims 2, 4, 9, 11, 16 and 18, as set forth in the following listing of claims, which will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the present application.**

**Listing of Claims**

1. (Currently Amended) A controller for controlling an electromagnetic actuator having a pair of springs acting on opposite directions, an armature connected to the springs to be held in a neutral position given by the springs when the armature is not activated, and a pair of electromagnets for driving the armature between two end positions;

the controller configured to apply, in response to a release of the armature held in one of the end positions, a brake to the armature according to a load condition of the armature,

wherein the application of the brake includes:

in response to a release of the armature, applying a voltage to the electromagnet corresponding to one of the end positions from which the armature is released for a first period;

supplying a flywheel current to the electromagnet for a second period after the first period elapses; and

suspending the power supply to the electromagnet after the second period elapses.

2. (Canceled)

3. (Currently Amended) The controller according to claim-~~2~~1, wherein the first period is determined according to a load condition of the armature.

4. (Canceled)

5. (Currently Amended) The controller according to claim-~~2~~1, wherein the controller is further configured to:

compare a displacement of the armature with a predetermined target displacement;

if the armature displacement is greater than the target displacement, extend the first period for applying the voltage; and

if the armature displacement is less than the target displacement, shorten the first period for applying the voltage.

6. (Original) The controller according to claim 1, wherein the armature is connected to a valve of an internal combustion engine.

7. (Original) The controller according to claim 6, wherein the valve of the internal combustion engine is an exhaust valve.

8. (Currently Amended) A program executable by a computer for controlling an electromagnetic actuator having a pair of springs acting on opposite directions, an armature connected to the springs to be held in a neutral position given by the springs when the armature is not activated, and a pair of electromagnets for driving the armature between two end positions, the program being structured to:

apply, in response to a release of the armature held in one of the end positions, a brake to the armature according to a load condition of the armature,

wherein the application of the brake includes:

in response to a release of the armature, applying a voltage to the electromagnet corresponding to one of the end positions from which the armature is released for a first period;

supplying a flywheel current to the electromagnet for a second period after the first period elapses; and

suspending the power supply to the electromagnet after the second period elapses.

9. (Canceled)

10. (Currently Amended) The program according to claim-~~9~~8, wherein the first period is determined according to a load condition of the armature.

11. (Canceled)

12. (Currently Amended) The program according to claim-~~9~~8, wherein the program is

further structured to:

compare a displacement of the armature with a predetermined target displacement;  
if the armature displacement is greater than the target displacement, extend the first period for applying the voltage; and  
if the armature displacement is less than the target displacement, shorten the first period for applying the voltage.

13. (Original) The program according to claim 8, wherein the armature is connected to a valve of an internal combustion engine.

14. (Original) The program according to claim 13, wherein the valve of the internal combustion engine is an exhaust valve.

15. (Currently Amended) A method for controlling an electromagnetic actuator having a pair of springs acting on opposite directions, an armature connected to the springs to be held in a neutral position given by the springs when the armature is not activated, and a pair of electromagnets for driving the armature between two end positions, comprising:  
applying, in response to a release of the armature held in one of the end positions, a brake to the armature according to a load condition of the armature,  
wherein applying the brake includes:  
in response to a release of the armature, applying a voltage to the electromagnet corresponding to the end position from which the armature is released for a first period;  
supplying a fly-wheel current to the electromagnet for a second period after the first period elapses; and  
suspending the power supply to the electromagnet after the second period elapses.

16. (Canceled)

17. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim ~~16~~ 15, wherein the first period is determined according to a load condition of the armature.

18. (Canceled)

19. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim ~~16~~ 15, further comprising:  
comparing a displacement of the armature with a predetermined target displacement;  
if the armature displacement is greater than the target displacement, extending the first  
period for applying the voltage; and  
if the armature displacement is less than the target displacement, shortening the first  
period for applying the voltage.

20. (Original) The method according to claim 15, wherein the armature is connected to  
a valve of an internal combustion engine.